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IMPORTANT SAFETY WARNINGS

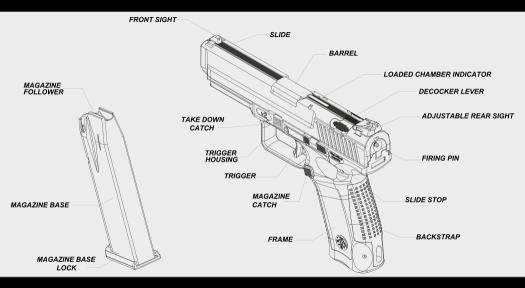
These Safety Warnings are for your protection and the safety of others. Disregarding information in this Owner's Safety and Instruction Manual and accompanying literature may result in serious injury or death.

IMPORTANT SAFETY MESSAGE

Children are attracted to, and can operate firearms which can cause severe injuries or death. Prevent child access by always keeping guns locked away and unloaded when not in use. If you keep a loaded firearm where a child obtains and improperly uses it, you may be fined or sent to prison.

Firearm Safety Depends on You

A gun is only as safe as the person operating it. You can never be overly careful when handling a firearm. Carelessness is often the cause of shooting accidents, such as failing to keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction, not being sure of your target and what is behind it, failing to engage the safety properly, leaving ammunition in the chamber or using improper loads. Since a bullet can never be called back once fired, such errors in gun handling can result in the loss of life, severe injury or property damage. It is thus crucial for your safety and the safety of those around you that you learn the principles of safe gun handling and storage before you begin to use your new firearm. Be a safe shooter - please read this instruction book thoroughly even if this is not your first firearm purchase as not all firearms are the same. The first step in being a safe shooter is to learn the rules for the safe operation and handling of firearms. There is nothing more important in gun handling than safety.



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1. THE TEN COMMANDMENTS OF FIREARM SAFETY

The Ten Commandments of Firearm Safety must be etched into your memory before you begin to handle firearms. These rules are intended to be followed by all persons handling firearms in the field, on the range or at home. Please read, review and understand these rules before you begin to use or even take your new firearm out of its box. Remember, firearms safety depends on you! Memorizing these safety rules will help prevent gun accidents. Please study these safety rules before handling your firearm.

▲ Commandment #1

Always Keep the Muzzle Pointed in a Safe Direction

This is the most basic and most important safety rule. A safe direction is one in which an accidental discharge will not cause injury to yourself, to others or property damage. This is particularly important when loading or unloading your firearm. Never point your gun at anything you do not intend to shoot. Treat every gun as if it were loaded at all times.

♠ Commandment #2

Firearms Should Be Unloaded When Not Actually in Use

Firearms should only be loaded when you are in the field or on the target range or shooting area, ready to shoot. When not in use, firearms and ammunition should be secured in a safe place, separate from each other. Remember to unload your firearm completely so that there is no ammunition in the chamber or magazine. Before handling this or any firearm, or handing it to someone else, visually check the chamber and magazine to ensure they do not contain ammunition. Always keep the guns action open when not in use. Never assume a gun is unloaded - even if you were the last person to use it. Never cross a fence, climb a tree, wade through a stream or perform any awkward movement with a loaded gun. When in doubt, unload your gun! Never pull or push a loaded firearm toward yourself or another person. Never carry a loaded gun in a scabbard, a holster not being worn or a gun case - common sense prevails in gun safety!

♠ Commandment #3

Don't Completely Rely on Your Gun's Safety

Treat every gun as though it could fire at any time, even if you are not applying pressure to the trigger.

The "safety" on a firearm is a mechanical device which, like any such device, can become inoperable at the worst possible time and fail to function. By mistake, you may think the safety is "ON" when it actually is not. Or you may think your gun is unloaded when there is actually a round of ammunition in it. The safety serves as a supplement to proper gun handling but cannot serve as a substitute for common sense. Never handle a gun carelessly and assume that the gun won't fire just because "the safety is on." Never touch the firearm's trigger until you are ready to shoot. Keep your fingers away from the trigger when loading or unloading. Never pull the trigger when the safety is engaged or when the safety is positioned between the "SAFE" and "FIRE" positions. Never place your finger on the trigger unless you intend to fire.

Alcohol, Drugs and Guns don't mix. Make no mistake about it!

Never handle firearms after consuming alcohol or taking drugs that can affect your judgment. Shoot sober! Alcohol, certain kinds of drugs and firearms don't mix. Safe firearms handling requires alertness and concentration of one's actions. You cannot handle a firearm safely after consuming alcohol. Never consume anything that can impair your judgment or physical coordination when handling a firearm.

♠ Commandment #4

Be Sure of Your Target - And What Is Beyond It!

Once fired, a bullet (or shot charge) can never be called back, so before you shoot know where the bullet is going and what it will strike. Be certain your shot will not injure someone or strike something beyond the target. Never fire in the direction of noise, a movement or at any object you cannot positively identify. Be aware that a .22 Short bullet can travel over 11/4 miles. A centerfire cartridge, such as the .30-06, can send its bullet over 3 miles. Shotgun pellets can travel 500 yards and a shotgun slug has a range of over a half mile. Make sure your shot has a safe backstop such as a hillside. Keep in mind how far the bullet will travel if it misses your intended target. Once fired, a bullet can never be called back. You are responsible for your actions and judgment.

♠ Commandment #5

Use the Correct Ammunition

Every firearm is designed to use a certain caliber or gauge of ammunition. It is important that you use the correct ammunition for your firearm. Information on the correct ammunition to use with your firearm appears in the firearm's instruction manual and the manufacturer's markings on the firearm itself. Use of the wrong ammunition, improperly reloaded ammunition or corroded ammunition can result in the destruction of the firearm, serious personal injury and/or death. Form the habit of examining every round of ammunition before you put it into your gun to ensure it is of the proper gauge or caliber and that it is in good condition.

♠ Commandment #6

If Your Gun Fails to Fire When the Trigger Is Pulled, Handle With Care

If a cartridge or shell does not fire when the trigger is pulled, follow Commandment #1 and keep the firearm's muzzle pointed in a safe direction. Keep the muzzle pointed away from your face and anything you do not intend to shoot and wait at least 30 seconds (to ensure that the ammunition is not delayed in firing) before carefully opening the action, unloading the firearm and safely disposing of the ammunition.

▲ Commandment #7

Always Wear Eye and Ear Protection When Shooting

Exposure to shooting noise can permanently damage hearing. Flying debris, such as powder residue and ejected cartridge cases can injure your eyes. Thus, it is only common sense to wear both eye protection (such as shooting glasses) and ear protection (such as a sound muffling headset) whenever shooting. Also, wear eye protection when cleaning or disassembling your gun to ensure that cleaning solvent and tensioned parts (such as springs), do not come into contact with your eyes.

♠ Commandment #8

Be Sure the Barrel Is Clear of Obstructions Before Shooting

Discharging a firearm with an obstruction in the barrel can result in personal injury, property damage or death. Before you load your firearm, check the chamber and magazine to ascertain that no ammunition is inside. Also, check the inside of the barrel (called the "bore") to ensure it is free of obstructions. Even a small amount of mud, snow or excess lubricating oil or grease in the bore can cause excessive pressures resulting in a bulged or burst barrel which can injure or kill the shooter and bystanders. It's a good idea to make a habit of cleaning the bore and checking for obstructions with a cleaning rod just before each shooting session. If the noise or recoil experienced upon firing seems low or weak, or something doesn't feel "right," cease firing immediately and check to make sure that there is no obstruction in the barrel. Placing an undersized shell or cartridge into a gun (such as a 20 gauge shell in a shotgun chambered for 12 gauge ammunition) can result in the smaller round of ammunition falling into the barrel and acting as an obstruction. When a round is subsequently fired, the barrel may burst causing injury to the shooter and bystanders. For reference, re-read Commandment #5.

♠ Commandment #9

Do Not Alter or Modify Your Gun and Have It Serviced Regularly

Firearms are complex mechanisms that are designed to function properly in their original condition. Any alterations or changes made to a firearm after its manufacture can make the gun unsafe and will void its warranty. Do not jeopardize your safety or the safety of others by altering the trigger, mechanical safety or other mechanisms of your firearm. You should have your firearm periodically checked for proper functioning and serviced by a qualified gunsmith.

▲ Commandment #10

Learn the Mechanical and Handling Characteristics of Your Firearm

Not all firearms operate the same way. The method of carrying, handling and operating firearms varies with the mechanical characteristics of each gun. Thus, you should never handle any firearm until you become familiar with the safe handling, loading, unloading and carrying procedures for that particular firearm, as well as the rules for safe gun handling in general.

A LEAD WARNING!

Discharging firearms in poorly ventilated areas, cleaning firearms or handling ammunition may result in exposure to lead and other substances known to cause birth defects, reproductive harm and other serious injury. Have adequate ventilation at all times when shooting. Wash hands thoroughly after exposure.

Basics of Safe Gun Handling

- 1. Always keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction.
- 2. Firearms should be unloaded when not actually in use.
- Don't totally rely on your gun's safety.
- 4. Be sure of your target and what's beyond it.
- 5. Use the correct ammunition for your firearm.
- 6. If your gun fails to fire when the trigger is pulled, handle with care.
- 7. Always wear eve and ear protection when shooting and cleaning.
- 8. Be sure the barrel is clear of obstructions before shooting.
- 9. Don't alter or modify your firearm and have your firearm(s) serviced regularly.
- 10. Learn the mechanics and handling characteristics of the firearm you are using.

Safe gun handling depends on you! A safe shooter is a knowledgeable shooter.

2. FEATURES

- Quality Mec-Gar double stack hi-cap magazine.
- · Better shooting precision.
- Longer life.
- · The slide locks to the rear after the last bullet is fired.
- Rear sight and front sight are equipped with a low light sighting system that enables fast sight alignment for quicker target acquisition in low and poor light conditions.
- Single Action Only
- · All internal parts are chrome plated.
- Rail for light or laser.
- · Magazine Catch is side changeable for left-handed shooters.
- · Single Action Status Indicator.
- · Drift Adjustable Rear Sight.
- · Interchangeble backstraps.

3. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

MODEL	TP9 SA / TP40 SA		
Caliber	9x19 mm / .40S&W		
Magazine Capacity	10 - 15 - 18 - 20 (with extension) / 13		
Barrel Length (in.)	4.50		
Barrel Life	Min 30.000 shots		
Length (in.)	7.56		
Height (in.)	5.70		
Width (in.)	1.35		
Weight (with empty magazine) (lbs)	1.80		
Operating System	Semi-Automatic (Single Action)		
Safety System	Decocking/Safety Lever		
	Trigger Safety		
	Firing Pin Block		
	Loaded Chamber Indicator		
Picatinny Rail	MIL-STD-1913		
Ambidextrous	Decocking/Safety Lever		
	Magazine Catch		
Interchangeable Backstraps	2 sizes		
Rear Sight	Drift Adjustable		
Striker	Single Action Status Indicator		

SA, SINGLE ACTION

It operates the trigger mechanism of the gun with a single action. The striker is cocked by the slide and the gun fires after the trigger is pulled. Trigger pull is lighter for more accurate shooting.

4. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Ammunition

It is very important to use the proper ammunition which is printed on the barrel of your firearm. Use of improper or damaged ammunition harms the gun and can result in injuries. Even a single improper or damaged cartridge is enough to damage your gun. It takes just a few seconds to check the cartridges while loading the magazine.

Firearms are designed, manufactured and tested according to factory manufactured ammunition conforming to SAAMI or C.I.P. standards. Manually loaded or reloaded ammunition has different pressure values than the values determined by the standards and this may harm the gun and the shooter.

Wet or water-soaked ammunition should be discarded for safety purposes. No oil or solvent should be applied on the ammunition. Use of improper or damaged ammunition may result in a jam and damage to the gun or injury to the shooter.

How to release the magazine

While holding the gun with your left or right hand, push the magazine catch with your thumb or middle finger (Figure 2). The magazine will be released so that you can insert the reserve magazine.

How to load and unload the magazine

Loading

Warning! Follow all safety rules in this manual while loading the pistol, including keeping it pointed in a safe direction and keeping your finger off the trigger and outside the trigger guard. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death in the event that the gun discharges.

★ Warning! The TP Series Pistols, like many other firearms, could possibly discharge when the slide closes, even without the trigger being pulled! This could occur due to defective ammunition (high primer, etc.), debris on the bolt face, mechanical malfunction or other causes. To avoid property damage, serious injury or death, load ONLY when pointing the pistol in a safe direction.

- Before loading, make sure the inside of the barrel is free of dirt or other obstructions.
- · Always check each cartridge, to ensure it is of the correct caliber, before loading the firearm.
- Keep fingers away from the trigger while loading.
- · Keep muzzle pointed in a safe direction.

Hold the magazine tightly when in upright position. Hold the bullet on the magazine follower in such a way that the base of the bullet will be right in front of the feed lips on the top part of the magazine. Put in the bullet under the feed lips and push it until the base of the bullet touches the straight part of the back of the magazine (**Figure 3**). Repeat until the magazine is fully loaded. The number of bullets in the magazine can be verified through the holes on the side of the magazine.

Unloading

Hold the magazine tightly and push the bullets from the back to the front using the thumb of the hand you are using. Repeat this movement until the magazine is empty.





Figure 2 Figure 3

How to load and fire the gun

- **A WARNING!** Follow all safety rules and procedures in this manual.
 - Use proper eye and ear protection
 - Keep the pisfol pointed in a safe direction at all times and your finger off the trigger and outside the trigger guard until the pistol is aimed at a proper target and you intend to fire.

Failure to strictly follow these and the other safety rules in this manual and any accompanying literature can result in serious injury or death.

- ▲ WARNING! The TP Series Pistols are semi-automatic. When you fire it, it will automatically extract and eject the fired case and feed a live round of ammunition from the magazine into the chamber. Thus, after firing a shot, the TP Series pistols will be ready to fire again if the trigger is pulled. Be careful!
- **A WARNING!** The pistol will fire if the magazine is removed and if the trigger is pulled when a cartridge is in the chamber.
- **A WARNING!** If dropped, any firearm could fire when there is a cartridge in the chamber.

Loading

Be sure that the barrel and magazine are clean, and then insert the loaded magazine into your pistol. Always use approved eye protection and hearing protection when shooting. Hold the gun from the grip with one of your hands, and pull the slide until the slide stops, by holding the tracks on the sides of the slide with your other hand, and then release it **(Figure**

4). This movement cocks the pistol and enables the cartridge to be put in the chamber. And now your gun is ready for firing.







Figure 5

Reload the gun

After the last cartridge in the magazine is fired, the slide stays back because the slide stop holds it. Release the empty magazine and insert the loaded magazine. Ensure that the slide goes back to its forward position by pulling down the slide stop with your finger **(Figure 5)**. By this way, your gun is reloaded and ready for firing.

How to unload the gun

ALWAYS POINT THE GUN MUZZLE IN A SAFE DIRECTION!

- 1. Release the magazine by pushing the magazine lock.
- 2. Considering the possibility that there is a bullet in the chamber, be sure that the last bullet went out by pulling back the slide.
- 3. Ensure the slide is held in place by pushing the slide stop up.

Safety Equipment

"Decocking Lever is on the slide, in front of the Rear Sight. The gun is secured by means of pushing down the Decocking Lever until the striker drops (**Figure 6**). In TP9SA and TP40SA Series when the striker is decocked the pistol will be in safe but TP9 and TP40 Series when the striker is decocked the pistol operates in Double Action and the trigger force gets higher. Only if the user pulls the trigger in Double Action in TP9 and TP40 Series, the gun will fire.



Figure 6

Rear sight - Front sight

Rear sight and front sight are designed to make aiming fast and precise. The rear and front sights are equipped with white dot and lollipop system that enables easy aim in poor visibility. And also if the user requires, the sights are drift adjustable.

How to disassemble and assemble the gun

A WARNING! The pistol will fire if the magazine is removed and if the trigger is pulled when a cartridge is in the chamber.

General

This section contains disassembly and assembly operations that are necessary for the user to carry out routine maintenance of the gun. It is not recommended to disassemble other parts, and if the gun needs adjustment or repairing other than those mentioned herein, we recommend you have a gun smith perform such operations. Disassembly of the gun must be performed in a clean place and disassembled parts must be performed according to the order of disassembly.

Preliminary Preparation

Follow the instructions below before starting to dissemble the gun

ALWAYS POINT THE GUN MUZZLE IN A SAFE DIRECTION!

- 1. Pull the slide in reward until it is cought by the slide catch.
- 2. Remove the magazine.
- 3. Visually check that the chamber is empty.
- 4. Press down slide stop and allow the slide to move forward.

How to disassemble the gun

- ▲ WARNING! Wear eye protection, such as shooting glasses or goggles, when disassembling your firearm in order to protect your eyes from tensioned parts, such as springs, that could be dislodged during disassembly.
- ▲ WARNING! Before beginning the disassembly process, check to ensure the pistol is unloaded. To do so, follow the procedures detailed previously in this manual.
 - 1. Press down on the decocker
 - 2. Hold the gun with your right hand and with your thumb and index finger of your left hand pull the Take Down Catch downward (Figure 8).
 - 3. While pulling the Take Down Catch downward, the slide will move forward slightly.
 - 4. Push the slide forward off the frame with your thumb and with your left hand. (Figure 9)
 - 5. Take off the Recoil Spring from the Slide by pushing it forward and then take off the Barrel (Figure 10).



Figure 8



Figure 9



Figure 10

How to assemble the gun

- Place the barrel on its place in the slide and assemble the recoil spring in such a way that the spring end will remain in the slide.
- 2. Push back the slide by affixing it to the slide from the front side of the frame.

How to disassemble the magazine

To remove the magazine panel, push the magazine base forward up to 0.4 inches while pushing the magazine base lock through the hole below the magazine base. To prevent the flat spring in the magazine from being ejected which may cause injury, you should detach it from the magazine by pulling it with your other hand while holding the base with your thumb.

5. CARE AND CLEANING

First make sure your pistol is empty before cleaning. Always clean your pistol as soon as possible after firing to prevent buildup of shooting residue and to prevent corrosion from starting.

To maintain your pistol in good working order, it should be cleaned once or twice a year in low-humidity environments, even if it has not been fired. In a high humidity area, it may be necessary to clean your pistol as often as once a week.

Note: In freezing weather (below 32 degrees F. or 0 degrees C.) the use of a dry lubricant (instead of oil) for lubrication may work better.

To Clean the Barrel

- 1. Obtain a quality pistol cleaning kit and thoroughly review its instructions provided.
- Lock the pistol's slide in the open position by pulling the slide fully to the rear.
- 3. To clean the barrel, select the correct caliber cleaning brush and attach it to a cleaning rod.
- 4. Dampen the brush with gun cleaning solvent and then push the brush through the barrel several times.
- Remove the brush and attach a correctly-sized cloth cleaning patch to the cleaning rod and push it through the barrel several times to remove loosened fouling.
- 6. Repeat this process with the brush and cleaning patches until a final patch comes out clean after swabbing the bore.
- 7. Repeat the procedure just followed to clean the bore and other action parts.
- 8. Remove shooting residue from the pistol's outside by wiping surfaces with a soft cloth dabbed in solvent. Dry surfaces.
- 9. Finally, wipe down all outside surfaces with a soft cloth dipped in a good quality metal preservative oil.

- There may be sharp edges on parts of the firearm. Keep fingers protected by wearing a pair of protective gloves when cleaning.
- Excessive use of cleaning solvents or lubricants can adversely affect your pistol's functioning. Wipe dry the inside of the barrel before
 firing and ensure it is free of obstructions.
- This firearm should be checked periodically for worn or damaged parts by a competent gunsmith. This will help ensure its safe functioning and a long service life.
- Some cleaning solvents produce hazardous vapors. Read and follow the solvent manufacturer's cautions found on the product's package.
- Handling ammunition and cleaning firearms results in exposure to lead and other substances that can pose health risks. Wash your hands and face after firing your pistol or after cleaning it.

Storage

When putting your pistol away for storage, it should be thoroughly cleaned and lightly lubricated. Outside surfaces should be wiped with a light coat of good quality gun oil. CHECK TO ENSURE YOUR FIREARM IS UNLOADED BEFORE PUTTING IT AWAY FOR STORAGE BY VISUALLY EXAMINING BOTH ITS CHAMBER AND MAGAZINE. Store the pistol in a separate location from its ammunition. When the pistol is to be reused, remove all excess lubrication before firing. Make certain that the bore (inside of barrel) is dry and free of obstructions before firing.

Note: The use of reloaded, remanufactured, hand loaded or other non-standard ammunition may result in damage to the pistol and injury or death to the shooter and/or bystanders. The manufacturer cannot accept responsibility for malfunctions resulting from the use of non-standard, defective ammunition.

6. TROUBLE SHOOTING

CAUTION!

In case of any trouble occurring with your gun, point the gun muzzle in a safe direction. Never point the muzzle at yourself or someone else.

Limited Parts Replacement Warranty

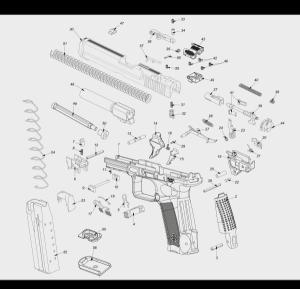
Congratulations on your Canik by Century Arms TP Series pistol. Century Arms prides itself on being the only certified warranty service provider of TP Series pistols in the USA. We will repair any defect in material or workmanship without charge to the original purchaser for as long as you own the handgun. (This agreement is not transferable; its benefits apply only to the original retail purchaser)

For more information regarding the warranty registration and policy, email Century Arms at Support@centuryarms.com or see website www.centuryarms.com

	1. Problem with feeding.
Failure	Problem in loading into the chamber; the bullet fails to go into the chamber completely and therefore the gun fails to fire.
	3. Problem with firing; the striker falls, but the gun fails to fire.
	4. Problem in ejecting the empty shell case.
	Magazine not inserted properly. Magazine not loaded properly. Dirty or damaged magazine. Double feeding. Improper ammunition.
Reason	2. Dirty chamber. Damaged ammunition. Dirty gun. Damaged or dirty recoil spring.
	3. Damaged ammunition, dirty or damaged slide/striker.
	4. Dirty or damaged chamber, extractor, ejector or ammunition.
Solution	 Fit the magazine into its place. Reload the magazine. Clean or replace the magazine. Check the magazine for jam. Check the ejector or extractor. Replace the magazine.
	Clean the gun. Check damaged bullets. Check, remove, clean, oil and assemble the mechanism and check, clean and replace it if necessary.
	Make sure the pistol is unloaded and pointed in a safe direction, pull the trigger again, and if it fails to fire, refer to the instruction no. 7 of the safety instructions.
	4. Clean the chamber, clean or replace the extractor or ejector. Replace the ammunition.

If you can not solve the problem by the solutions specified above, then please refer to someone that is in firearm repair.

TP 9 SA



7 b. EXPLODED VIEW AND LIST OF PARTS

1-FRAME 2-BACKSTRAP 3-BACKSTRAP PIN 4-MAGAZINE CATCH 5-MAGAZINE CATCH SPRING 6-LOCKING BLOCK 7-LOCKING LEVER 8-LOCKING LEVER SPRING 9-TAKE DOWN CATCH 10-TAKE DOWN CATCH PIECE 11-TAKE DOWN CATCH PIN 12-LOCKING LEVER PIN 13-TRIGGER PIN 14-TRIGGER 15-TRIGGER BLOCK LEVER 16-TRIGGER BLOCK LEVER SPRING 17-SLIDE STOP LEVER 18-SLIDE STOP SPRING

19-EJECTOR 20-FIRING PIN ACTIVATOR 21-FIRING PIN ACTIVATOR SPRING 22-FIRING PIN ACTIVATOR PIN 23-TRIGGER I EVER 24-TRIGGER LEVER SPRING 25-TRIGGER LEVER BAR 26-EJECTOR PIN 27-TRIGGER BAR 28-TRIGGER SPRING 29-TRIGGER BAR PIN 30-SLIDE 31-FIRING PIN BLOCK SPRING 32-FIRING PIN BLOCK 33-FXTRACTOR PIN SPRING 34-EXTRACTOR PIN 35-EXTRACTOR SPRING 36-EXTRACTOR 37-FIRING PIN COLLET 38-FIRING PIN RETURN SPRING

39-FIRING PIN 40-FIRING PIN SPRING 41-FIRING PIN RETAINER 42-DECOCKER SPRING 43-DECOCKER LEVER 44-SLIDE END CAP 45-REAR SIGHT 46-SIGHT ADJUSTMENT SCREW 47-FRONT SIGHT 48-FRONT SIGHT RETAINING SCREW 49-BARREI 50-RECOIL SPRING GUIDE 51-RECOIL SPRING GUIDE STOP 52-RECOIL SPRING 53-MAGAZINE CASE 54-MAGAZINE FOLLOWER 55-MAGAZINE SPRING 56-MAGAZINE LOCK 57-MAGAZINE PLUG 58-INDICATOR 59-INDICATOR PIN 60-INDICATOR SPRING